

Slovenia's domestic energy resources covered 52 % of domestic energy needs in 2019, which is 1 % less compared to the previous year, while the entire quantities of petroleum products were imported, according to the data from the Statistical Office of Slovenia. Total amount of domestic energy sources in Slovenia in 2019 was 3.5 million tons of oil equivalent, which is by 0.3 % less than in 2018. In 2019, Slovenia met 52 % of domestic energy demand with domestic energy resources. The rest of the energy was supplied from imports, i.e. the entire quantities of petroleum products were imported. In the structure of supplied energy in 2019, petroleum products prevailed with 32 %, followed by nuclear energy with 23 %, renewable energy sources (including hydro energy) with 18 %, coal with 16 % and natural gas with 11 %. Slovenia's energy dependency in 2018 stood at 47 %.